National Tourism Indicators highlights including the second quarters of 2018 (January to June 2018) as released by Statistics Canada on September 27, 2018.

> Total tourism expenditures in Canada rose 5.7 % over the first half of 2018 backed by vibrant domestic (+6.4%) and international (+3.2%) tourism spend contributions.

Tourism activities in Canada:

CAD 43.8 Billion +5.7%

The largest spending sources emerged from passenger air transport (\$10.5, +9.8%), food and beverage services (\$7.3B, +5.0%), accommodation (\$6.1B, +3.5%) and vehicle fuel (\$4.5B, +11.9%).

Year-over-year, inflation accelerated over the second guarter of 2018 and accounted for 2.9% of overall gains YTD June 2018. Inflation most impacted vehicle fuel, resulting in a real spending (-2%) drop for this tourism commodity over the first half of 2018.

Following spending levels over the first quarter (+8.5%) fueled by tourist arrivals levels (+6.8%) heightened by travels over the Lunar New Year in Asia in February and Easter in March, international tourism spending over the second quarter (0%) remained on par year-over-year despite ebbing arrivals levels (-0.9%).

Tourism Export:

CAD 9.3 Billion +3.2%

Over the first half of 2018, a 1.7% rise in tourist arrivals led to a 3.2% overall increase tourism export revenues.

The largest sources of export revenues were accommodation (\$2.4B, +3.0%), passenger air transport (\$2.1B, +2.5%), food and beverage services ((\$1.6B, +4.9%) and recreation & entertainment (\$855M, +4.3%). Other non-tourism commodities (souvenir, groceries, clothing, etc.) represented \$1.4B (+0.8%).

Tourism Employment:

733,800 jobs +1.4%

Frontline jobs required to service tourism demand over the first half of 2018 averaged 733,800 jobs across Canada, up 1.4% year-over-year.

The largest sources of employment directly attributable to tourism were with the food and beverage services (236k, +1.7%), in non-tourism industries (154K, +3.5%), accommodation (150K, +2.1%) and recreation and entertainment (69K, +0.7%).

Tourism's share of Canada's GDP

1.9%

Over the first half of 2018, tourism activities added \$18.7B in value added to the Canadian economy an increase of 6.2%, and which contributed to 1.9% to the Canadian Gross Domestic Product (GDP) over the first half of 2017.

Table 1. National Tourism Indicators for the first and second quarters (q), first half (h) of 2018.

	2018q1	у/у	2018q2	у/у	2018h1	у/у
Total Tourism Demand (\$million)	19,395	5.5%	24,446	5.8%	43,841	5.7%
Domestic Demand (\$million)	15,690	4.8%	18,803	7.7%	34,493	6.4%
Tourism Export (\$million)	3,705	8.5%	5,643	0.0%	9,348	3.2%
Supply (\$million)	53,326	5.6%	60,348	6.9%	113,674	6.3%
GDP (\$million)	8,227	6.3%	10,493	6.1%	18,720	6.2%
Tourism GDP Share ¹	1.7%	0.03	2.1%	0.04	1.9%	0.04
Employment (thousand jobs)	721.8	1.4%	745.7	1.3%	733.8	1.4%
Tourism Implicit Price Index 100=2007q3)	116.0	2.5%	117.0	3.4%	116.5	2.9%

¹ Year-over-year change expressed as Percentage-Points